

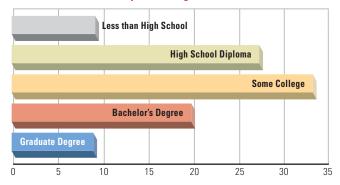
"We will continue to modernize our economic incentives program. If there is an adjustment that we need to make in order to make Nebraska more competitive, we will do that."

— Gov. Dave Heineman, Site Selection

Governor: Dave Heineman (R) neded.org

Population 2011: 1,842,641 Population growth forecast 2012-2017: 2.91% Median household income: \$55,616

Work Force Education by Percentage



Private Sector Employment
960,300 job

12%
Manufacturing
Goods
Producing

ጸ2 1%

Service Providing

Mature firm tax index rank: 9
New firm tax index rank: 1
Manufacturing Capex
2011 (36): \$893,972
Manufacturing Capex
on buildings and other
structures (34): \$162,404
Avg. industrial retail electricity
price (cents/kwh): 7.01
Avg. annual pay in mfg.: \$41,540

Median age: **36.3**Right-to-work state? **YES**

Legislative Update

- Gov. Heineman aims to reform the income tax system, with a focus on making the state more competitive for small business owners, who he said comprise 80 percent of businesses in Nebraska.
- LB 1118 amends the Nebraska Advantage Act (NAA) to provide tax incentives for large data centers. A qualified business must make a qualified investment of at least \$200 million and create at least 30 new jobs.
 Tax benefits include a: (1) refund of all sales taxes paid from the date of
- the acquisition of qualified property to when the investment and employment benchmarks are met; (2) wage withholding tax credits for the new jobs created; and (3) an investment credit equal to 10 percent of the total investment made in the qualified property.
- A qualifying business is also eligible to receive a personal property tax exemption for nine years and a real property tax refund for up to 14 years. LB 1043 prescribes favorable electricity rates for data centers.

